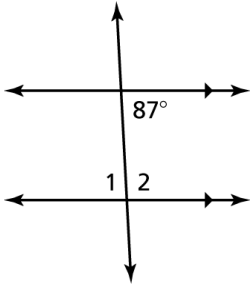


# 3.2

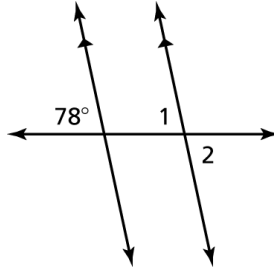
## Practice A

In Exercises 1 and 2, find  $m\angle 1$  and  $m\angle 2$ . Tell which theorem you used in each case.

1.

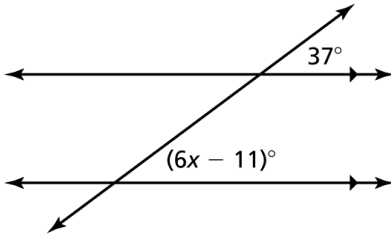


2.

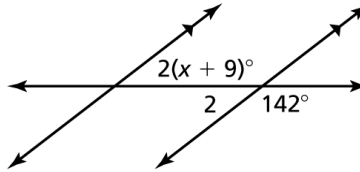


In Exercises 3 and 4, find the value of  $x$ . Show your steps.

3.

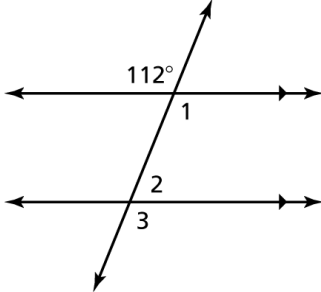


4.

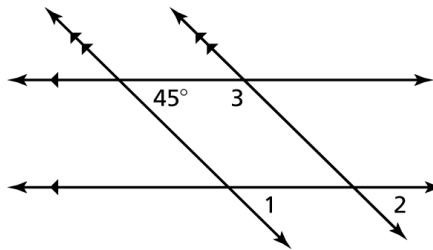


In Exercises 5 and 6, find  $m\angle 1$ ,  $m\angle 2$ , and  $m\angle 3$ . Explain your reasoning.

5.

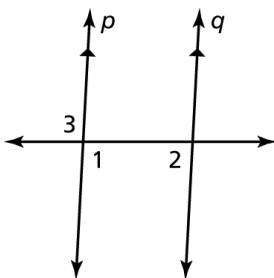


6.



7. Prove the Corresponding Angles Theorem (Thm. 3.1).

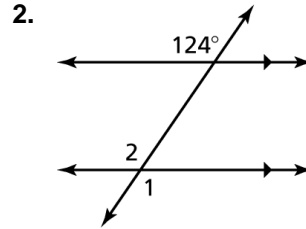
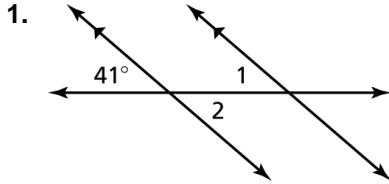
8. Prove that if  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$ , then  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$ . What is  $m\angle 1$ ? Explain.



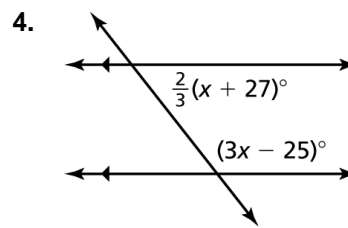
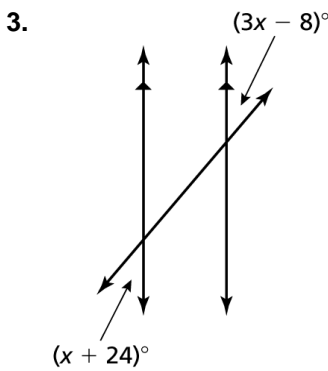
# 3.2

## Practice B

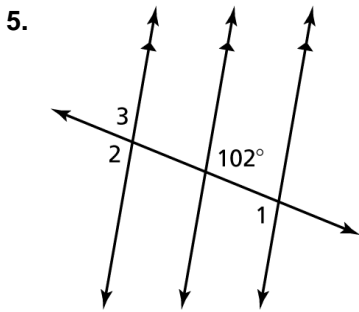
In Exercises 1 and 2, find  $m\angle 1$  and  $m\angle 2$ . Tell which theorem you used in each case.



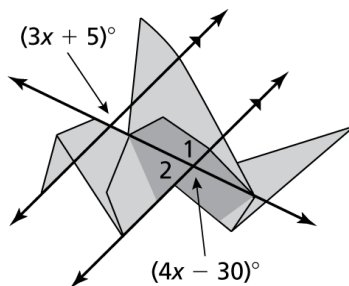
In Exercises 3 and 4, find the value of  $x$ . Show your steps.



In Exercises 5 and 6, find  $m\angle 1$ ,  $m\angle 2$ , and  $m\angle 3$ . Explain your reasoning.



7. The figure shows a two-dimensional representation of a bird made out of origami paper. Find  $m\angle 1$  and  $m\angle 2$ . Explain your reasoning.



8. The figure shows three pairs of parallel lines. Which angles are congruent to  $\angle 1$ ? Tell which theorem you used in each case.

